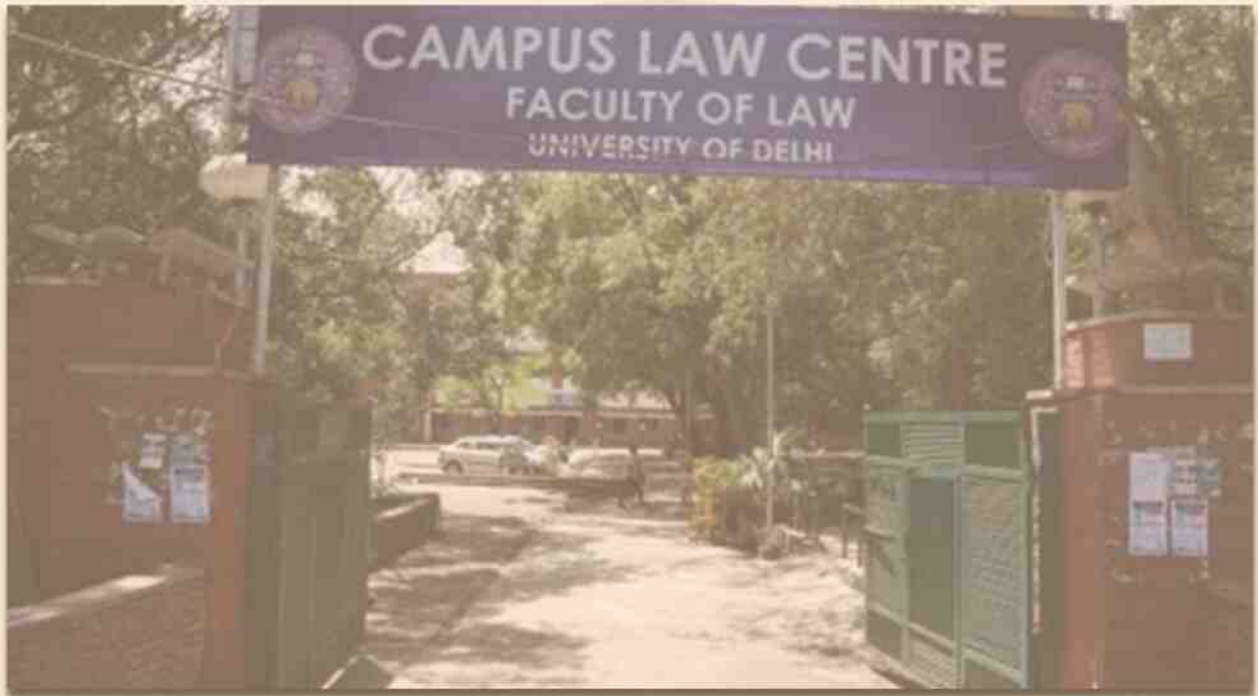


EHTESHAM LAW



DELHI UNIVERSITY
LL.B 2006 PYQ

DU LLB 2006

1. Which is the longest river of Europe?
 - (a) Lena
 - (b) Danube
 - (c) Congo
 - (d) Murray
2. Who became the youngest ever formula one champion?
 - (a) Fernando Alonso
 - (b) Justin Gatlin
 - (c) Tyson Gay
 - (d) Michael Schumacher
3. World champion Fernando Alonso belongs to which country?
 - (a) USA
 - (b) Spain
 - (c) UK
 - (d) France
4. The European Grand prix, 2006 was won by
 - (a) Kimi Raikkonen
 - (b) Felipe Massa
 - (c) Michael Schumacher
 - (d) Valentino Rossi
5. Who has taken the highest number of wickets in one day international cricket?
 - (a) Wasim akram
 - (b) Shen warne
 - (c) M. Muralidhran
 - (d) GD Mcgrath
6. The Greenland island is located in
 - (a) Indian ocean
 - (b) North atlantic ocean
 - (c) South pacific ocean
 - (d) Western pacific ocean
7. Where are the Pensacola mountains
 - (a) North pole
 - (b) Antractica
 - (c) Arctic
 - (d) South pole
8. The highest volcanic mountain 'ojos del salado' was located in
 - (a) Argentina
 - (b) Chile
 - (c) Ecquador
 - (d) Mexico
9. The cape code bay is located near
 - (a) Amsterdam
 - (b) Massachussets

- (c) Boston
(d) San diego
- 10. Amazon river orginates from peru and falls in**
(a) Pacific ocean
(b) **Atlantic ocean**
(c) Black sea
(d) Caspin sea
- 11. Before retiring from formula one racing, Michael Schumacher has been world champion for _____**
(a) Five
(b) Six
(c) **Seven**
(d) eight
- 12. who has won the maximum number of grand slam titles in golf till date**
(a) Tiger woods
(b) **Jack Nicklaus**
(c) Earl woods
(d) Justin Gatlin
- 13. 'PGA' stands for**
(a) Players of golf association
(b) Professional golfers academy
(c) **Professional golfers association**
(d) Play golf always
- 14. Euro Cup is related to**
(a) Cricket
(b) Hockey
(c) **Football**
(d) Tennis
- 15. Washington DC is situated near the**
(a) **Atlantic ocean**
(b) Gulf of mexico
(c) Pacific ocean
(d) Lake manitoba
- 16. Mississippi is the longest river in united states. It falls in the**
(a) **Gulf of maxico**
(b) Mediterranean sea
(c) Atlantic ocean
(d) Pacific ocean
- 17. The following is used in photography**
(a) **Silver bromide**
(b) Sodium bromide
(c) Potassium chloride
(d) Sodium sulphate
- 18. Laws of electrolysis are given by**
(a) **Faraday Maxwell**

- (b) Lenz
(c) bohr
19. which of the following is not an ore of aluminum
(a) cryolite
(b) feldspar
(c) bauxite
(d) azurite
20. the sight of a delicious food usually makes mouth watery. It is a
(a) hormonal response
(b) neural response
(c) optic response
(d) olfactory response
21. a person of blood group AB can give blood to
(a) A and B
(b) Only AB
(c) A, B and O
(d) All of these
22. Lieutenant in army is equivalent to which following rank in navy
(a) Lieutenant
(b) Sub-lieutenant
(c) Lieutenant commissioner
(d) None of these
23. Pankaj advani is associated with
(a) Snooker
(b) Golf
(c) Shooting
(d) Archery
24. Which city in the world is known as the forbidden city
(a) Aberdeen
(b) Jerusalem
(c) Mecca
(d) Lhasa
25. Rajeev Gandhi Khel Ratna award carries a sum of
(a) ₹ 3 lakh
(b) ₹ 5 lakh
(c) ₹ 1 lakh
(d) ₹ 7 lakh
26. Which acid is present in lemon
(a) Citric acid
(b) Tartaric acid
(c) Ascorbic acid
(d) Lactic acid
27. Reading on Fahrenheit scale and the on Celsius scale are identical at the following temperature.
(a) -40°

- (b) 0°
(c) -574.25°
(d) 273°
28. Metur dam is built on which river
(a) Krishna
(b) Kaveri
(c) Narmada
(d) Mahanadi
29. At 20% annual interest rate, after how many years will some sum become double?
(a) 2 years
(b) 3 years
(c) 4 years
(d) 5 years
30. Where a well-known Dilwara temple located
(a) Madhya Pradesh
(b) Maharashtra
(c) Gujarat
(d) Rajasthan
31. The disease pneumonia affects which part of the body?
(a) Lungs
(b) Tongue
(c) Liver
(d) Wind pipe
32. The first recipient of dada sahib phalke award was
(a) B.N. Sarkar
(b) Prithviraj kapur
(c) Devika Rani
(d) Kanan Devi
33. Which is the city of India where the electricity supply started first?
(a) Kolkata
(b) Chennai
(c) Mumbai
(d) Darjeeling
34. Bhatnagar prize is awarded in which field
(a) Peace
(b) Music and drama
(c) Science and technology
(d) Classical arts
35. Who discovered the laws of planetary motion?
(a) Copernicus
(b) Kepler
(c) Aruabhata
(d) Newton
36. Compound microscope was invented by

- (a) Robert hooke
(b) Leeuwenhock
(c) Janseen brothers
(d) Dujerdin
37. The subject matter of the recently published report of Kelkar committee is
(a) Agricultural debt
(b) Share market scam
(c) Tax system of India
(d) Foreign trade
38. As a result of outsourcing of services from the USA to India
(a) Indian industries are benefitted
(b) Employment in India is increasing
(c) Scope for research and development in India is increasing
(d) Pace of industrialization in USA is decreasing
39. Dry ice is
(a) Ice at -15°
(b) Ice just below melting point
(c) Solid CO₂
(d) None of the above
40. Panchayati raj is organised at the
(a) Block level
(b) Village and block level
(c) Village, block and district level
(d) Village, block, district and state level
41. Who is the first India chess player who defeated a world champion
(a) Dibyendu Barua
(b) Kapil dev
(c) Surya sekhar ganguly
(d) Viswanathan anand
42. The first Indian woman to conquer mt. everest is
(a) Mohasota debi
(b) Bachendri pal
(c) Santosh yadav
(d) Sudipta Sengupta
43. Who introduced R.N. Tagore to the west?
(a) W.B. Yeats
(b) Rudyard kipling
(c) Joseph Conrad
(d) T.S. Eliot
44. Mahatma Gandhi's autobiography- 'my experiments with truth' was originally written in
(a) English
(b) Hindi
(c) Marathi
(d) Gujarati

45. People greet one another in French language with
- (a) Guten tag
 - (b) **Bonjour**
 - (c) Ahlan wasahlan
 - (d) None of these
46. What is gene?
- (a) A segment of RNA, DNA and Histone
 - (b) A Segment DNA and RNA
 - (c) **A segment of DNA**
 - (d) A segment of DNA and histone
47. Damodar valley project is sponsored by west Bengal and
- (a) Orissa
 - (b) **Bihar**
 - (c) UP
 - (d) All of the above
48. Which among the following is a riverine port?
- (a) Cochin
 - (b) **Kolkata**
 - (c) Kandla
 - (d) Mormugao
49. Among the following which state capital is not situated near the bank of a river
- (a) Luck now
 - (b) Patna
 - (c) **Bombay**
 - (d) koklata
50. pyorrhoea affects which part of the body
- (a) **gums**
 - (b) teeth
 - (c) salivary glands
 - (d) lips
51. who has won the cricket world cup twice as a captain
- (a) ricky ponting
 - (b) steve Waugh
 - (c) allen border
 - (d) **clive Lloyd**
52. which is the heaviest flying bird
- (a) **bustard**
 - (b) penguin
 - (c) ostrich
 - (d) vulture
53. which constitutional amendment provided for a Hindi translation of the constitution
- (a) 45th amendment
 - (b) 52nd amendment

- (c) 56th amendment
(d) 57th amendment
54. The largest irrigation canal in India is called the
(a) Yamuna canal
(b) Sirhind canal
(c) Lower baridoab canal
(d) Indira Gandhi canal
55. Horns of most mammals are made of
(a) Bones
(b) Cartilage
(c) Keratin
(d) Chitin
56. The constitution of UNO is known as
(a) Peace agreement
(b) Magna carta
(c) Declaration
(d) Charter
57. December 10 is observed as
(a) World mental health day
(b) World sight day
(c) World red cross day
(d) Human right day
58. There is no reservation for SC and ST for Lok Sabha in
(a) Arunachal Pradesh
(b) Jammu and Kashmir
(c) Meghalaya
(d) All the above
59. The durnad lind is the international border between
(a) Afghanistan and Pakistan
(b) Iran and syria
(c) India and Bangladesh
(d) India and Nepal
60. Washington is situated at the bank of
(a) Vistula
(b) Moskava
(c) Potomac
(d) Tagus
61. Who among the following sikh guru started the 'gurumukhi script'?
(a) Guru Arjun
(b) Guru Ramdas
(c) Guru Gegh Bahadur
(d) Guru Angad
62. The term 'rook' is linked with
(a) Golf
(b) Archery

- (c) Chess
(d) badminton
63. US-based 'novelis has recently been acquired by
- (a) Tata group
(b) Birla group
(c) Reliance group
(d) Jointly by tata and birla group
64. After merger, tata-corus has become the ...largest steel producer in the world
- (a) 3rd
(b) 4th
(c) 5th
(d) 6th
65. Recently, ministry of HRD has announced to hike FDI limit in education to
- (a) 65%
(b) 70%
(c) 75%
(d) 100%
66. Recently foundation stone of a new rail coach making factory has been laid at
- (a) Saharsa
(b) Rae Bareli
(c) Amethi
(d) Amritsar
67. Railway budget 2007-08 announces 2007-08
- (a) A year of safety
(b) A year of prosperity
(c) A year of customer service
(d) A year of cleanliness
68. The operating system recently launched by Microsoft in India is
- (a) Windows XP
(b) Windows Vista
(c) Sun solaris
(d) Microsoft 2007 office system
69. The Gandhi peace prize 2005 has been awarded to
- (a) Archbishop desmond tutu
(b) Mrs. Loretta scott king
(c) Dr. Nelson Mandela and Grameen bank of Bangladesh
(d) Bhartiya vidya bhavan
70. Who among the following won the Australian open – 2007 men's singles titles?
- (a) Fernando Gonzalez
(b) Roger Federer
(c) Mike bryan
(d) Bob bryand

71. The 94th Indian science congress was held from 3-7 January 2007 in
- (a) Tamil nadu
 - (b) Hyderabad
 - (c) Ahmedabad
 - (d) Chandigarh
72. The 2007 Ranji Trophy has been won by
- (a) Mumbai
 - (b) Bengal
 - (c) Uttar Pradesh
 - (d) Tamil nadu
73. The telecommunication network group hutchison essar has been taken over by
- (a) Reliance communications
 - (b) Verizon
 - (c) Vodafone
 - (d) Hinduja
74. Who among the following would be the first Indian to join the alcoa company's board, the world's largest aluminum producer?
- (a) Rattan Tata
 - (b) LN Mittal
 - (c) Mukesh Ambani
 - (d) Kumar Mangalam Birla
75. As per the new guidelines proposed by the ministry of HRD what is the percentage of seats reserved for the OBCs in IITs and IIMs?
- (a) 15%
 - (b) 20%
 - (c) 25%
 - (d) 27%
76. Which of the following is not a vector borne disease?
- (a) AIDS
 - (b) Kala Azar
 - (c) Japanese Encephalitis
 - (d) Filaria
77. Which of the following is observed as 'national consumer day' in India?
- (a) 20th May
 - (b) 24th March
 - (c) 24th December
 - (d) 24th October
78. Who amongst the following won the French open 2006 tennis cup held recently?
- (a) Roger Federer
 - (b) Rafael Nadal
 - (c) Bob Bryan
 - (d) Vera Zvonareva

79. Who amongst the following is the recipient of the 'Rajiv Gandhi Khel Ratna Award' given away recently?
- (a) Mahesh Bhupati
 - (b) Sania Mirza
 - (c) Rahul dravid
 - (d) Pankaj advani
80. Who amongst the following is the author of the book 'a brief history of time'?
- (a) Prof. Stephen Hawking
 - (b) Dr. J.V. Naralika
 - (c) Dr. H.J. Bhabha
 - (d) Dr. Chandrashekhar
81. Durand Cup is associated with the game of
- (a) Hockey
 - (b) Lawn tennis
 - (c) Badminton
 - (d) Football
82. Ban Ki Moon is the eighth secretary-general of United Nations. He belongs to which country?
- (a) Japan
 - (b) North korea
 - (c) China
 - (d) South korea
83. Vijay singh won his 30th US PGA tour title. He is related to which sports?
- (a) Golf
 - (b) Squash
 - (c) Badminton
 - (d) Archery
84. Which university was granted minority status by national commission on minority educational institutions?
- (a) Aligarh Muslim university
 - (b) Jamia milia islamia
 - (c) Jadavpur university
 - (d) St. Xavier University
85. The Supreme Court ruled that laws put in the ninth schedule after....cannot escape judicial scrutiny if they appeared to breach citizen's fundamental rights
- (a) April 1973
 - (b) June 1984
 - (c) March 1968
 - (d) August 1981
86. Which country won the maximum gold medals in Doha Asian Games?
- (a) Japan
 - (b) South Korea
 - (c) China

- (d) India
87. Sania mirza is related to lawn tennis. In the same way Saina Nehwal is related to which sport?
- (a) Chess
(b) Hockey
(c) Badminton
(d) Squash
88. Who has been appointed as the chief of intelligence bureau for the next two years
- (a) P.C. Haldar
(b) Arun Prakash
(c) Sudha pillai
(d) K.P. Singh
89. K.G. Balakrishnan is the first Dalit Chief Justice of India. He is the Chief Justice of India.
- (a) 32nd
(b) 37th
(c) 29th
(d) 36th
90. AT present which country has the Presidentship of European Union?
- (a) Britain
(b) Germany
(c) Italy
(d) Finland
- Directions: Find out error in the following sentences (O. 91-95):**
91. During her rise to fame, she betrayed many of her friends, and because of it, very few people trust her
- (a) No error
(b) During her rise to fame
(c) Because of it
(d) Trust her
92. Not hardly a sound could be heard in the auditorium, when the speaker approached the dais to announce the result of the contest
- (a) No error
(b) not hardly
(c) When
(d) Approached
93. In contrast to the prevailing opinion, the editorial lays the blame for the strike on the workers
- (a) No error
(b) In contrast of
(c) lays
(d) Blame for
94. By midnight the guests still had not been served dinner, so they were ravishing
- (a) No error
(b) Had not been served
(c) So they
(d) Ravishing
95. The raise in the number of accidents attributable to drunk drivers has prompted call for stiffer penalties for driving while intoxicated

- (a) No error
- (b) Raise
- (c) Attributable
- (d) Has prompted

Directions: Q. 96-100: Fill in the blanks

96. Aarathi is hardly the young lady to do to her husband
- (a) credit
 - (b) harm
 - (c) damage
 - (d) reputation
97. Nirmala was expecting a call from her mother which would inform her whether she or not
- (a) had to go
 - (b) had gone
 - (c) was expected
 - (d) should inform
98. "Okay_" said the police officer, 'we shall get the culprit in a day's time'
- (a) chief
 - (b) sir
 - (c) boss
 - (d) captain
99. He was not able to _____ her family from the neighbour's onslaught
- (a) defend
 - (b) safeguard
 - (c) shield
 - (d) dover
100. They found the body under the
- (a) remains of the building
 - (b) debris
 - (c) storeys
 - (d) wreckage

Directions: Q. 101-105: In each of the following questions, there is a certain relation between two given words on one side of:: and one word is given on another side of:: Choose the suitable word to be put on the other side from the given alternatives.

101. Plaintiff : Defendant as
- (a) Court : Law
 - (b) Judge : Jury
 - (c) Injured : Accused
 - (d) Explosive : Volcano
102. Fine : imprisonment as
- (a) Sentence: judgement
 - (b) Misdemeanour: felony
 - (c) Jury: judge
 - (d) Jail: bond
103. Secret service: raw as
- (a) Profession: law
 - (b) Soldier: army
 - (c) Open: undercover
 - (d) Lungs: blood

- 104. Habits: instincts as**
(a) Works: play
(b) **Training: Heredity**
(c) Acquired: cultivated
(d) Birds: animals
- 105. Pariah: favourite as**
(a) Nephew: son
(b) Chosen: accepted
(c) **Ostracism: nepotism**
(d) Hypnotism: comatose
- 106. Give an antonym for FETTER**
(a) **Liberate**
(b) Imprison
(c) Scorn
(d) Traitor
- 107. Give an antonym for DASTARD**
(a) Decadent
(b) Coward
(c) Legitimate
(d) **dauntless**
- 108. give an antonym for NULLIFY**
(a) impress
(b) **effect**
(c) seclude
(d) astound
- 109. give an antonym for JUDICIOUS**
(a) **rash**
(b) desirable
(c) painful
(d) rude
- 110. give an antonym for HOMOGENEOUS**
(a) tactful
(b) **motley**
(c) incisive
(d) demonstrative
- 111. give an antonym for ABROGATE**
(a) **enact**
(b) entice
(c) disinfect
(d) tamish
- 112. give the meaning of ADEPT**
(a) **skilful**
(b) perspective
(c) wealthy
(d) animate
- 113. give the meaning of DIFFIDENCE**
(a) discourage
(b) **humility**
(c) harmful
(d) defection
- 114. give the meaning of enigmatic**
(a) **perplexing**
(b) weak
(c) dynamic
(d) heavenly
- 115. give the meaning of MITIGATE**
(a) **ease**

- (b) imperfect
- (c) cruel
- (d) damaged

Direction: in the following questions, some of the sentences have errors and some have none. Find out which part of the sentence has an error and mark in the corresponding to the appropriate letter (A, B, C). If there is no error, mark in the circle corresponding to (D) in the Answer Sheet.

116. Were I you (a) /I should have not (b)/allowed him to stay in hostel. (c) / No error. (d)
117. With a liberalized duty structure (a) /and the government's stand at allowing multinationals to set up shop directly(b) /imported parts are now freely available(c) /No error. (d)
118. Many of the authors (a) /of this book are members of a national support group and have(b) / participated in several conference(c) /No error(d)
119. It is not feasible but (a) /in many ways desirable also that an organisation should run its (b) /own courses for developing employees(c) /No error. (d)
120. Having said this (a) / let us hasten to add that we are(b) /not Against social mixing(c) / No error(d)

Directions: O. 121-125: Pick up the response which completes the sentence in the best possible manner.

121. I am tired__ this work.
- (a) with
 - (b) of
 - (c) by
 - (d) none of these
122. You must apply_judge for pardon
- (a) to
 - (b) with
 - (c) upon
 - (d) none of these
123. I tried but could not prevail him.
- (a) on
 - (b) to
 - (c) for
 - (d) with
124. I must dispense your services.
- (a) for
 - (b) with
 - (c) in
 - (d) none of these
125. He meditates past life.
- (a) upon
 - (b) in
 - (c) for
 - (d) None of these

Directions: A. 126-130: In the following questions, you have passages, with questions following each passage. Read passage carefully and choose the best answer to each question and mark it in the Answer Sheet.

The English poet Richard Crashaw has long been considered an eccentric minor figure among the early seventeenth-century poets whom Dr. Johnson first characterized as "Metaphysical". In examining the poetry of those turbulent times, it is easy to understand why Donne and Herbert receive the greater share of traditional scholarship's attention. Issuing from an era when the cause of Protestantism in England became so radical that it led to the execution of King Charles I, an extended civil war, and the several Interregnum under Oliver Cromwell, the seemingly uncomplicated devotional

character of Herbert's poetry and of Donne's sermons and later sonnets lent the times an almost placid historical gloss. The intellectual inventiveness and lyric beauty of Donne and Herbert serve, as they did at the time of their writing, to convey a settled sense of orthodoxy to those most interested in finding it.

Crashaw's poetry, by contrast, seems tortured—either embarrassingly unaware of itself or actively subversive. Certainly by the standards of his day, Crashaw was a heretic. In an era when even the Anglican Church was thought by many to retain too many trappings of the decadent Roman Catholic tradition, Crashaw broke with his society and his ardently Protestant father by converting to Roman Catholicism, a choice that forced him to live much of his life penniless in exile. The conflicts in which Crashaw was enmeshed manifest themselves in his poetry, which abounds with images that strike a contemporary sensibility as violent, strange, and in some cases bordering on pornographic. The energy expended by traditional scholarship to laud these strange moments as mystical, or else excuse them as manifestations of Crashaw's excessive love for rhetorical inventiveness, seems to reflect not merely a failure of interpretation, but an active determination not to interpret the poems in ways that disturb traditional views of the period but nevertheless seem patently obvious.

This failure of traditional readings of the so called Metaphysical poets is not unique to Crashaw's work. Donne's early poetry reflects worldliness and flirtatiousness that seems all the more surprising in light of the graceful piety of his later work. Herbert's famous image of being bound by the shackle of his faith cannot be obliterated by rhetoric and rationalization, no matter how dexterous. The tension played out in these poems is internal and intellectual, but at the time of their writing it was also profoundly political. How the human faculty of reason, an emergent interest in Renaissance England, can mediate in the traditional conflict between desire and Christian orthodoxy, and whether it can possibly tame both. It is in Crashaw's work that this tension is tuned to its highest—some might say most hysterical—pitch and it is in critical interpretations of his work that we most distinctly see the failure of traditional scholarship to comprehend the era in which he wrote.

- 126. The passage suggests that the author would be most likely to agree with which one of the following statements?**
- (a) Traditional readings of much English poetry of the early seventeenth century overemphasize its orthodox devotional character while neglecting the tension and turmoil it reflects.
 - (b) Seventeenth-century poetry is noteworthy more for its intellectual inventiveness than it is for its lyric beauty.
 - (c) Seventeenth-century poets such as Donne and Herbert are worthy of study because they were able to provide a placid historical gloss of the turbulent times in which they wrote.
 - (d) The tortured quality of Crashaw's poetry and the surprise contemporary readers may feel in encountering some of his imagery were intended by Crashaw to express his mystical beliefs.
- 127. The author suggests that the poetry of Richard Crashaw.**
- (a) Is superior to the poetry of Donne and Herbert.
 - (b) Reflects an obsession with the strictures of Christian orthodoxy.
 - (c) Was intended to convey heretical beliefs.
 - (d) Has been routinely misinterpreted by traditional scholars.
- 128. According to the author, traditional scholarship fails to comprehend that the poetry of early seventeenth century England.**
- (a) Is in part a reflection of the era in which it was written
 - (b) Represents a radical departure from earlier English poetry.
 - (c) Reflects a serious interest in reason as well as Christian orthodoxy.
 - (d) Is noteworthy only because of the work of Richard Crashaw.

129. Which one of the following most accurately describes the organization of the passage?

- (a) Description of a particular scholarly shortcoming; discussion of possible courses of action that could be taken to remedy that shortcoming; extension of these courses of action to other similar cases; assertion that these courses of action are unlikely to be taken seriously.
- (b) Description of a particular historical era and scholarly treatment of some literature of that era; discussion of the inadequacy of that scholarly treatment in one particular case; assertion that the inadequacy is not limited to that case; explanation of the reason for and the meaning of this inadequacy.
- (c) Description of a historical era and scholarly interpretations of it; discussion of the ways in which this interpretation neglect and key development of the era; illustration of the consequences of this neglect in a particular case; explanation of the ways scholarly errors undercut all cases of this kind.
- (d) Summary of the conventional view of a controversial time; discussion of new view that contradicts the conventional view; application of the new view to a particularly troublesome instance during the time in question; rejection of the conventional view in favour of the new view.

130. It can be inferred from the passage that the author interprets Herbert's famous image to indicate

- (a) That Herbert's attitude towards Christian orthodoxy is not as simple as it is interpreted to be in traditional readings.
- (b) That Herbert's poetry contains a veiled critique of the increasing Protestant radicalism of his time.
- (c) That Herbert's desire to employ the human faculty of reason is constrained by Christian orthodoxy.
- (d) That the turmoil of Herbert's times led him to employ inventive rhetoric that undermines the stated purpose of his poetry.

131. Shyam's house, his office and his gym are all equidistant from each other. The distance between 2 of them is 4 km. Shyam starts walking from his gym in a direction parallel to the road connecting his office and his house and stops when he reaches a point directly east of his office. He then reverses direction and walks till he reaches a point directly south of the office. The total distance walked by Shyam is

- (a) 6 km
- (b) 9 km
- (c) 16 km
- (d) 12 km

Directions: Q. 132-133: Read the following data and use it for answering the questions that follow:

A Shopkeeper is preparing gift boxes of mithai. Each box will contain exactly two kinds of pedhas to be selected from F, G, H and exactly three kinds of rasgollas to be selected from P, Q, R, S and T with the following restrictions.

- I. G cannot be in the same box as T
- II. P cannot be in the same box as S
- III. Q cannot be in the same box as T

132. If G is included in box, which of the following is a kind of mithai that must also be included?

- (a) F
- (b) H
- (c) P
- (d) Q

133. If H is not included in a particular box, any of the following kinds of mithai can be included except

- (a) P
- (b) Q
- (c) R
- (d) T

Directions: Q. 134-135: In the flowing questions three statements are followed by a conclusion. Study the statements and the conclusion and point out which statements studied together will bring to the conclusion.

134. Statements:

1. Communism adopted violent methods for changing the existing order.
2. It overthrew imperialism with the help of non violence.
3. Communists are anti-imperialists.

Conclusion: India is not a communist country:

- (a) Only I and 2
- (b) Only 2 and 3
- (c) Only 2 and 3
- (d) Data insufficient

135. Statement:

1. Price rise is a natural phenomenon.
2. If production increases price fall.
3. High prices affect the poor.

Conclusion: If production rises the poor feel relieved:

- (a) Only I and 2
- (b) Only I and 3
- (c) Only 2 and 3
- (d) Data insufficient

136. Communal electorates were created by the Act of

- (a) 1935
- (b) 1909
- (c) 1919
- (d) 1861

137. The tenure of the Council of Ministers is:

- (a) Co-terminus with the Lok Sabha
- (b) uncertain
- (c) Five years
- (d) Fixed and co-terminus with the President

138. Which one of the following can amend Fundamental Rights?

- (a) parliament
- (b) Lok Sabha
- (c) Supreme Court
- (d) President

139. The present Income Tax Act was enacted during:

- (a) 1992
- (b) 1961
- (c) 1984
- (d) 1991

140. The Supreme Court of India has been granted power of Judicial Review, a feature which was borrowed from the Constitution of:

- (a) Britain

- (b) U.S.A.
(c) Switzerland
(d) France
- 141. A master is liable for the wrongs committed by his servants. It is called:**
(a) joint liability
(b) vicarious liability
(c) concurrent liability
(d) civil liability
- 142. Self Defence**
(a) is a private remedy
(b) is a judicial remedy
(c) is available as defence only in civil law
(d) is available in both torts and crimes
- 143. Slander is**
(a) a crime
(b) a tort
(c) a breach of contract
(d) a breach of trust
- 144. Muslim marriage is a**
(a) Sacrament
(b) civil Contract
(c) Divine Commandment
(d) None of the above
- 145. Registration of marriage under the Hindu Marriage Act, 1955 is:**
(a) compulsory
(b) optional
(c) subject to the discretion of the marriage registrar
(d) none of the above
- 146. In Law of Torts, always unliquidated damages are awarded. The meaning of unliquidated is**
(a) Not ascertainable
(b) Approximately arrived at
(c) penal and exemplary
(d) both (a) and (b) above
- 147. There are four stages in the commission of a crime: intention, preparation, attempt and commission. The attempt to commit a crime**
(a) Punishable
(b) not punishable
(c) not ordinarily punishable
(d) none of the above
- 148.are those offences which are punishable with imprisonment for two years or less. These offences can be compromised between the parties.**
(a) compoundable offences
(b) Non-compoundable offences
(c) Bailable offences
(d) Non-cognizable offences
- 149. In the matter of liquidated damages**
(a) The plaintiff is entitled to recover the agreed amount of compensation for the loss suffered
(b) The plaintiff is not entitled to recover the agreed amount of compensation for the loss suffered
(c) The plaintiff is entitled to recover the agreed amount of 'compensation by proving the exact loss suffered
(d) The plaintiff is entitled to recover the agreed amount of compensation without having to prove the exact loss suffered
- 150. A party who suffers loss as a result of breach of contract can, in the**

usual course, claim

- (a) Ordinary damages
- (b) Exemplary damages
- (c) Special damages
- (d) Penal damages

151. A person enjoying the benefit of non-gratuitous act

- (a) **Maunder an obligation to make compensation for this benefit**
- (b) May make compensation at his option
- (c) Has no obligation towards any one
- (d) Has no remedy available against him

152. "Exemplary Damages" is related to

- (a) **Damages awarded to set an example**
- (b) Damages for loss arising in special circumstances
- (c) Damages fixed by the court in ordinary circumstances
- (d) None of the above

153. The office of profit does not mean:

- (a) The office of a contractor
- (b) The office of a Minister
- (c) The office of a private teacher
- (d) **Air of the above**

154. In what proportion the members of the Rajya Sabha retire:

- (a) All the members retire after 6 years
- (b) Half of the members retire every three years
- (c) **one-third members retire every two years**
- (d) One-sixth members retire every year

155. Who is authorised to decide over a dispute regarding disqualification of a Member of Parliament?

- (a) **the Election Commissioner**
- (b) The Speaker of the Lok Sabha
- (c) The President of India
- (d) A Committee specially set up by the Parliament for this purpose

156. Defamation by means of writing, print etc. is legally called

- (a) Liable
- (b) **Liable**
- (c) Liber
- (d) Lex Scripta

157. Which of the following examines recommendations of Planning Commission?

- (a) Finance Commission
- (b) Parliament
- (c) Cabinet
- (d) **National Development Council**

158. Precedent means

- (a) Repealed Law
- (b) Succeeding Law
- (c) Present or current Law
- (d) **Law on similar fact decided by court previously**

159. If a person innocently abducts a girl aged 16 in the belief that she was above 18, is he criminally liable?

- (a) Yes
- (b) no
- (c) Circumstantial
- (d) None of the above

160. Examine the following statements:

- I. Liberty is absolute
- II. Liberty is defined by a circumference of law

- (a) Both I & II are true
- (b) Only I is true
- (c) Only II is true
- (d) Both statements are false

161. In law, a man is presumed to be dead if he is not heard of as alive for

- (a) 5 years
- (b) 7 years
- (c) 9 years
- (d) 10 years

162. Sexual intercourse with a girl under is rape even if she had given her consent.

- (a) 15 years
- (b) 16 years
- (c) 17 years
- (d) 18 years

163. Consider the following statements:

- I. To absolve, is to release from some responsibility or obligation.
- II. To acquit, is to discharge a person, upon a verdict of not guilty

- (a) Both I & II are false
- (b) I is true, II is false
- (c) I is false, II is true
- (d) both I and II are true

164. Who is the author of the work "The Devil's Dictionary"?

- (a) Ambrose Bierce
- (b) William Shakespeare
- (c) J. Harman
- (d) William Congreve

165. The National Anthem was adopted by Constituent Assembly on

- (a) 27 December, 1911
- (b) 27 December, 1949
- (c) 24 January 1950
- (d) 26 January, 1950

166. 'The Family Court Act' was passed in the year

- (a) 1980
- (b) 1984
- (c) 1986
- (d) 1992

167. Who is responsible for introduction of Public Interest Litigation in India?

- (a) justice P.N. Bhagwati
- (b) Justice M.N. Venkatachaliah

- (c) Justice A.M. Ahmadi
- (d) Justice V.R. Krishna Iyer

168. "Law and sense are not the same thing". This was said by:

- (a) M.K. Gandhi
- (b) J.L. Nehru
- (c) Jinnah
- (d) M.N. Venkatachalliah

169. "Law is an ass" was said by

- (a) Marx
- (b) Charles Dickens
- (c) Locke
- (d) Abraham Lincoln

170. Who is the Chairman of India's First National Forest Commission

- (a) Justice A.M. Ahmadi
- (b) Justice A.S. Anand
- (c) Justice M.M. Punchi
- (d) Justice B.N. Kirpal

Directions: O. 171-172: Given below is a statement of legal principle followed by a factual situation. Apply the principle to the facts and select the most appropriate answer among the four alternatives given.

171. Principle: A person can call police on 100 on emergency regarding information for immediate knowledge of police.

Factual Situation: Ashok running short of item to board on Air India flight from Delhi to London, he made a call on 100 that there was a bomb in the flight for making delay in departure of flight. Instead the police nabbed Ashok within two minutes and Ashok instead of going to London was sent to Tihar jail. Is there any remedy for him.

- (a) Ashok can be released by court because he had an important meeting at London.
- (b) Ashok cannot be released and will be punished with heavy fine.
- (c) Ashok has to be compensated by police because everyone can call on 100.
- (d) Ashok can stay in custody for one day only.

172. Legal Principle: A confession made in the court should be free and voluntary. A confession made under pressure is a weak type of evidence.

Factual Situation: Rahul and Amit are good students. They are room partners. Amit becomes friendly with Sumit who is a drug addict. Amit also starts consuming drugs. One day Amit does not have money to buy drugs. He steals an imported watch of Rahul. Rahul complains to the police. Amit is arrested. In the lock up, the police tells Amit that if he confesses he may be released. Amit confesses in the court.

- (a) Amit likely to be punished because he confessed in the court and told the truth.
- (b) Amit cannot be punished because he confessed under the influence of the police.
- (c) Amit cannot be punished because no one had seen him stealing Rahul's Watch.
- (d) None of the above

173. Double jeopardy is

- (a) a two edged weapon
- (b) a dilemma
- (c) a confusing expression

(d) second prosecution after the first trial for the same offence

174. Conspiracy is

- (a) absconding from the police
- (b) secret plan to commit a crime
- (c) disobeying the criminal process
- (d) willful deceiving of the fact

175. Which is correct for the purpose of criminal deception

- (a) Dishonest concealment of facts
- (b) dishonestly receiving of property
- (c) making damage by an act
- (d) intentionally giving consent

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DU LLB 2006 Answer Key					
1(a)	2. (a)	3 (b)	4. (c)	5. (a)	6. (b)
7(b)	8. (a)	9. (b)	10. (b)	11. (c)	12. (b)
13. (c)	14. (c)	15. (a)	16. (a)	17. (a)	18. (a)
19.(d)	20. (b)	21. (b)	22. (b).	23. (a)	24. (d)
25. (b)	26. (a)	27. (a)	28. (a)	29. (d)	30. (d)
31. (a)	32. (c)	33. (d)	34. (c)	35. (b)	36. (c)
37. (c)	38. (b)	39. (c)	40. (c)	41-(d)	42. (b)
43. (a)	44. (d)	45. (b)	46. (c)	47. (b)	48. (b)
49. (c)	50. (a)	51. (d)	52. (a)	53. (c)	54. (d)
55. (c)	56. (d)	57. (d)	58. (b)	59. (a)	60. (c)
61. (d)	62. (c)	63. (b)	64. (c)	65. (d)	66. (b)
67. (d)	68. (b)	69. (a)	70. (b)	71. (a)	72. (a)
73. (c)	74. (a)	75. (d)	76. (a)	77. (c)	78. (b)
79. (d)	80. (a)	81. (d)	82. (d.)	83. (a)	84. (c)
85. (a)	86. (c)	87.(c)	88. (a).	89. (b)	90. (a)
91. (c)	92. (b)	93. (a)	94. (d)	95. (b)	96. (b)
97. (a)	98. (b)	99. (a)	100. .(b)	101. (c)	102. (b)
103. (a)	104. (b)	105. (c)	106. (a)	107. (d)	108. (b)
109. (a)	110. (b)	111 (a)	112.(a)	113.(b)	114. (a)
115. (a)	116.(a)	117.(b)	118. (d)	119. (b)	120. (b)
121. (b)	122. (a)	123. (a)	124. (a)	125. (d)	126. (a)
127. (d)	128.(c)	129. (c)	130. (d)	131. (d)	132. (d)
133. (a)	134. (d)	135. (c)	136. (b)	137. (b)	138. (a)
139. (b)	140. (b)	141. (b)	142. (d)	143. (b)	144. (b)
145. (b)	146. (d)	147. (a)	148. (a)	149. (c)	150. (a)
151. (a)	152. (a)	153. (d)	154. (c)	155. (a)	156. (b)
157. (d)	158. (d)	159. (b)	160. (c)	161. (b)	162. (b)
163. (d)	164. (a)	165. (c)	166. (b)	167. (a)	168. (b)
169. (b)	170. (d)	171. (b)	172. (a)	173. (d)	174. (b)
175. (a)					

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